香港青年音樂協會 HONG KONG YOUTH MUSIC SOCIETY

ANNIVERSARY CONCERT

周年紀念音樂會

2008年12月20日(星期六) 晚上8時 香港大會堂音樂廳 SATURDAY, 20 DECEMBER, 2008 8:00 p.m. HONG KONG CITY HALL, CONCERT HALL



主席致詞

香港青年音樂協會成立以來,本著宗旨,致力推動中國音樂在香港的發展,培養青少年對中樂的興趣。在過去三十五年,本會透過積極參與社區的演出,舉辦大大小小的音樂會,藉此增加團員的演出經驗,提高團員的個人水準。

不知不覺,今年已經是第35年了,為隆重其事,我們誠意邀請了東初先生、蕭炯柱先生和徐英輝先生擔任是次客席指揮,並榮幸地請來我國二胡演奏家邵琳小姐和本港女高音吳玉芯小姐擔任演出嘉賓。本人謹代表本會向他們致以萬分謝意!

本人亦要感謝宏光國樂團、高雷中學慷慨提供場地予本會作排練之用;最後我還要感謝今晚參與演出的香港高齡教工合唱團、知音合唱團、樂苗歌詠大使團和高雷中學中樂團,有了他們的參與,使這個音樂會生色不少。

除了三位指揮和兩位演出嘉賓的精采演出,今晚我們更揉合了老、中、青三代的合作,有超過二百五十名 參與者同台演出,摒除了年齡的隔膜,締造出一個和諧、與眾同樂的音樂會。如此盛大的演出,我們的一班 常務委員會委員、音樂會籌備委員會委員、台前演出者和幕後工作者實在功不可沒,他們對中國音樂的一腔熱 情,非常值得支持和鼓勵。

在慶祝35週年的同時,我們懷念本會前任主席陳立僑醫生。陳醫生德高望重,歷任本會主席18年之久,對本會 貢獻良多,其推動中國音樂的熱誠和精神,誠為城中典範,是一位值得我們敬佩和永遠懷念的良師益友。

最後,感謝您們的蒞臨和支持!希望台上二百多位演出者的演出,可以帶給大家一個愉快、難忘的晚上。

預祝大家聖誕和新年快樂!

莊俊文

Words of the Chairman

We have been aiming at arousing young people's interest in Chinese music since we were first established 35 years ago. Since then not only have we organized concerts for the public, we also actively participated in community volunteer performances to provide our members opportunities to gain on-stage experiences and to enhance their proficiency and performing skills.

This evening, we are honored to have Mr Tung Chor, Mr Gordon Siu and Mr Tsui Ying Fai as our guest conductors. We are also pleased to invite famous Erhu performer, Miss Shao Lin and the Soprano Miss Sandra Ng as our guest performers. I would like to take this opportunity to extend my heartfelt thanks to them on behalf of the Society. I would also like to thank the Wang Kwong Chinese Orchestra and Ko Lui Secondary School for providing the venue for our rehearsals. Lastly, I would like to thank the Hong Kong Senior Education Workers Choir, Sintonia Choir, the Hong Kong Cadenza Children's Choir and the Ko Lui Secondary School Chinese Orchestra for their participation in tonight's concert at which we will have a blend of 3 generations of more than 250 performers. I would also like to say "thank you" to my committee, to members of the organizing committee members as well as all those who have helped to make this event possible.

While we are celebrating our 35th Anniversary today, we also greatly miss our founding chairman, Dr. Lik Kiu Ding. Dr. Ding had been the chairman of the society for 18 years and had contributed a lot to the society. His dedication in promoting Chinese music deserves our admiration and we will always cherish this mentor.

Last but not least, thank you for coming to the concert. I hope our two hundred and fifty performers on stage will leave you an enjoyable evening.

Wish you all a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year!

Elton Chong

Dr L K Ding



1921-2008

One day I got a call from Mrs. Nancy O'Connell, a member of the Committee.

"I have found us a Chairman, Gordon. You will be impressed."

"Really! Who?" I asked.

"I'll tell you tomorrow, when we meet."

The next day, we were all anxious to find out who would be our new leader.

"He is Dr. L K Ding," Nancy said.

"Dr. Ding, the Councilor, the social campaigner, the famous activist?" asked a fellow-member. "Isn't he, well, how should I put it, somewhat anti-establishment?"

"Some people would say he is," said Nancy. "But I have found him to be upright, dignified, a Christian who lives by Christian principles, and a remarkable leader of men. Anyway, who cares what people say about him as long as he leads us to our common goal?"

Nancy was entirely accurate; Dr. Ding turned out to be exactly as she had described. Under his leadership, the Committee raised more than sufficient funds to send the Youth Orchestra to the 1973 International Festival of Youth Orchestras held in Aberdeen, Scotland, and in London.

During the fund-raising campaign, the Committee was repeatedly asked by donors: "We support your efforts, but why only western music; why don't you teach our young music of their own culture - Chinese music?"

"Why not indeed?" said Dr. Ding. "We have resources. Why don't you start a Chinese Youth Orchestra, Gordon?"

"I am all for it," I said. "But we have to first start training classes for Chinese instruments."

"Fine," said Dr. Ding. "Go ahead. You have my support."

And so, in the spring of 1973, we started new classes for Chinese instruments, and founded a Chinese Youth Orchestra.

陳立僑醫生

1921 - 2008

一天,委員會同事奧康妮 (Nancy O'Connell) 夫人來電。

「炯柱,我為委員會找到了一位主席。我深信你一定滿意。

「誰?」我問。

「明天開會時告訴你。」

第二天,我們爭着問誰是主席。

「陳立僑醫生。」奧夫人說。

「唔.....那位當市政局議員、專搞社會活動的陳醫生?」一位委員客氣地質。

「聽說……有人說……他和香港政府……好像……好像有點過不去……對嗎?」

「我也聽過這批評。但我和他認識了一段時間,完全不同意別人對他負面的五事 陳醫生爲人正直,處事有原則,是一個恪守信念的基督徒,一位好領導。」 「無論如何,只要他能領導我們完成籌款工作,那管別人在他背後說什麼廢話!」

陳立僑醫生果然是個好主席。在他領導下,籌款工作順利開展。1973年,我們 得足夠經費,讓香港青年管弦樂團遠赴英國,參加在蘇格蘭亞巴甸市及英國首都倫敦等 行的國際青年管弦樂團節。



陳立僑醫生,陳夫人及女兒。1973年攝於蘇格蘭亞巴甸市

在籌款過程中,捐款者多次問委員會:「我樂意捐款支持訓練青年人的工作。但爲何你們只辦西洋音樂訓練課程?你們爲什麼不重視中國器樂,不鼓勵年青人學自己的國粹?」

「問得好!」陳立僑醫生說。「我們資源充足。炯柱,你開辦一個青年中樂團吧。」 「我支持這創舉。」我說。「在成立中樂團之前,我們要先開辦中樂樂器訓練班, 培養演奏人才。」

「好意見!」陳立僑醫生說。「我全力支持你。好好開展青年中樂團的工作吧!」

1973年春天,委員會開辦新的中國民族器樂訓練班,也成立了青年中樂團。

For Hong Kong, 1973 was a momentous year. Everything seemed to be going so well at the beginning of the year: the economy was in full bloom; business flourished; property prices soared; the stock exchange's Hang Seng Index rose from 971 points at the end of January to a record 1774 points on 9 March.

Then came a sharp turnaround. Within a few months, the Hang Seng Index had lost 80% of its value. Property prices fell. Following world trends, the cost of food and daily commodities shot up: the price of some brands of imported rice rose 300%. Raw material for industries became so expensive and rare that smaller factories had to cut or cease production. Of the 600,000 workers in the manufacturing sector, one-third faced immediate unemployment or under-employment. The downturn in the economy led to a reduction in household spending, and business in restaurants and shops suffered.

NEWS

"War in the Middle East"

The YOM KIPPUR WAR 6 October to 11 November, 1973

On 6 October, war broke out in the Middle-East. Arabian oil-producing nations jointly cut production. Hoarding of refinery products by international speculators drove oil prices sky-high. To deal with a potential shortfall of imported oil, the Hong Kong Government passed emergency legislation to restrict the consumption of fuel, mandating the switching-off of all external lighting for private buildings and neon-lights by 10 pm in the evening. Night-life in the city, which had already declined sharply during the year, took the hardest hit, and consumer spending suffered yet another body blow.

One afternoon in November, 1973, Dr. Ding called, "Bad news, Gordon. The Youth Orchestra organizers have just sent me a letter. They have asked us to end the training scheme for Chinese music by December."

I was speechless.

"Gordon, are you there?"

"Yes," I said. "But why? And why only Chinese music? That's unfair!"

"No reason has been given in the letter. Well, as you know, 1973 has not been a good year for Hong Kong," said Dr. Ding.

"But what do we say to the young people?"

"Well, tell them the truth; they'll understand; at least I think they will..."

"I...I don't know," I said. "Let me think about it. Anyway, I shall not see them until Saturday when they meet for rehearsals."

Saturday came. I went to the rehearsal hall. I gathered the 30 members, but when I looked into the eyes of the young trainees, I just could not break the bad news.

"I...I just want to say...in December we may have to go to a new venue for rehearsals," I said. Nobody seemed interested. Finally, one tiny voice at the back asked, "Where? Far from here?" "Oh... I don't yet know... I'll tell you next week. Now you just play on," I said.

1973年是驚濤駭浪的一年,年初香港一片好景,各行各業生意興隆,股票市場交投 狂熱,恆生指數由一月底的971點急升,三月九日創下1774點歷史新高。

好景不常,三月市況急轉直下,不到數月,恆生指數下瀉了80%。受到世界各地天然災害及高速通貨膨脹的影響,香港物價急升,加上國際投機商人囤積物資,香港市面充滿了物資供應短缺的恐懼心理,油、副食品,衣服及日用品價格不到一年已高升了百份之三十,部份白米入口價更升了三倍。物價高脹,人民生活不勝負荷,只好節省消費,各大商場及飯店生意大減。工業原料價格猛脹,供應不足,香港大多數工業生產下跌,不少中、小型工廠歇業,任職製造業的六十多萬工人,三份之一要面對失業或半失業的威脅。1973年十月六日,中東發生戰事,阿拉伯國家聯合行動,減少石油生產,油商借機提高油價,香港馬上要應付燃油短缺的局面,為了節省能源,政府立例限制戶外廣告及裝飾燈光只能在下午六時至十時開亮。這禁令實施後,夜市大受打擊,早已飽受折磨的消費行業,更雪上加霜。

1973年

"金股狂升,魚翅撈飯"

"恒指勁瀉,傾家蕩產"

當年的頭條

1973年十一月的一個下午,陳立僑醫生來電:「炯柱,不妙,壞消息!我剛收到青年管弦樂團主辦機構的來信,他們決定十二月起停辦青年中樂團及器樂訓練班。」

我一時說不出話來。

「炯柱,你在嗎?」陳醫生問。

「在......我在。信內有說為何停辦中樂訓練嗎?我們怎樣向學員們交代?爲何只停辦中樂?這做法太不公平了!」

「信沒提任何原因。」陳醫生說。「可能是經費不足吧。今年香港及全球經濟實在不濟。」

「那麼我們怎樣告訴三十多位學員們?」我問。

「唔......把事實說出來吧,我想孩子們會諒解,你認爲如何?」

「我.....我不知道。」我說。「讓我想想好嗎?星期六見面時才告訴他們也不太晚。」

星期六下午,我帶著沉重的心情,到達中樂團練習場所。三十多位年青人如常上器樂課,參加樂團排演。我多次想召集學員們,宣佈十二月一日起停止訓練活動,但站在他們面前,看著那三十多對眼睛,話始終說不出來。

「……你們好好練習……」我結結巴巴地說。「……下月我們可能轉換練習場所……」 年青人全無反應,良久,一位坐在後排的小朋友輕聲地問:「到哪去?離這兒遠嗎?」 「噢…… 我現在還不知道。下星期可能發通告……你們繼續練習好了……」



Next morning, I called Dr. Ding.

"How did the children react?" asked Dr. Ding.

"I have not told them the bad news," I said. "I just couldn't. Dr. Ding, I think it is unfair to the 30 young trainees to call off the training just like that. After all, they have just been trained for 10 months. May I suggest that we set up a new charitable society to take over the training scheme?"

"That's easier said than done," said Dr. Ding. "You see, Gordon, you and I have our own vocation, and there are limits to how much time we could spare. I am a medical practitioner. I do not know much about music. I support your endeavors to train young musicians, but you will have to take on this full task. Can you handle it?"

"I...I shall do my best," I said. "But please, will you promise to continue to be the Chairman of the new society?"

"Ha...ha...I shall give this some thought," said Dr. Ding. "What about the paper work for the new society?"

"As long as you agree to be our new Chairman, I shall get help from my lawyer friends to draw up new articles of association and get on with the paper work for registration. But I need your help on one more issue: from December, we need a new venue for rehearsals."

"Mm...I am now the Chairman of the Yang Social Services Centre. I shall talk to the Director and see if you could rehearse there on Saturdays."

"Great!" I said.

"Don't get excited. What about expenses? Where do we get funds to pay our instructors?"

"... Let's raise some funds... We have done that before..." I said.

"We can do that. Remember though, 1973 is hardly a good year for fund-raising."

"Then... then let those of us who have income contribute as best we could, and take the society forward, one step at a time," I said.

"Ha...ha... You have my support, you eternal optimist. Go ahead. Good luck."



Yang Memorial Methodist Social Services Centre, Waterloo Road, Kowloon



次天早上,我撥電話給陳立僑醫生。

「怎麼了?」陳醫生問。「孩子們怎樣反應?」

「我沒說我們會停辦音樂訓練活動。這句話我怎樣也說不出來。我覺得現在停辦活動,對年青人不公平。他們剛剛學會了一些基本功,便要停下來,太可惜了。陳醫生,我們可否成立一個新的志願團體,繼續中樂團及器樂班的活動?」

「這並非易辦的事。」陳醫生說。「你和我有自己的職業,空餘時間極有限。坦白說,我是醫生,對音樂來說我是外行。我支持青年音樂訓練是希望為他們提供課餘活動。你受過音樂訓練,辦樂團活動全靠你了,你能負這責任嗎?」

「我會盡力而為。」我說。「但請你繼續當新組織的主席。」

「哈哈......讓我考慮考慮。」陳醫生說。「成立新團體,我們要做不少文書和組織的工作。我現在是多個志願團體的主席,再無空餘時間去辦那些申請、註冊手續了。」

「陳醫生,你不用費心。只要你同意當主席,成立新組織的工作我馬上去辦。我會 找當律師的朋友幫我起草一份新組織的憲章,並進行社團註冊的手續。但有一件事,還 要請你幫忙。」

「甚麼事?」

「我們下月開始要找新的練習場所。」

「唔......我現在是九龍楊震社區服務中心的主席。讓我和中心的主任談談,看能否每星期六下午借用中心的場地。」

「那好極了。」我說。

「別太開心......樂團和訓練班的經費何來?」

「那.....我們去籌款吧.....」

「我們可以嘗試這樣做。但不要忘記香港今天經濟一團糟,人們生活也成問題,籌款談何容易!」

「那麼......那麼我們有收入的掏掏腰包,先解決眼前的經費問題,以後見步行步吧......」我說。

「哈哈.....你可真樂觀......祝你好運......我支持你......。」



九龍窩打老道楊震社區服務中心

The Hong Kong Youth Music Society

In February 1974, I submitted the draft articles of association of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society to Dr. Ding. On 12 March, we called the first AGM of the Society. On 14 June, the Society completed all legal procedures, and became a registered non-profit making body.

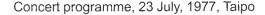
The Society's difficulties, however, were far from over. We had moved to the Yang Centre for rehearsals, but soon ran out of funds. Within a few months, we were no longer able to pay even the minimum fees for the conductor and instructors.

"What a pity," said the conductor. "These children have talents, but as professionals, we have to earn our keep. We cannot give free lessons. I hope you will understand." One by one, the conductor and instructors departed.

We were in real dire straits. Once again, the Chinese Orchestra had to face the grim reality of having to stop training activities. Two things then happened. First came the birth of a tradition which, over the years, sustained the Orchestra through even the most difficult times: those members who had been trained volunteered to pass on their skills to new trainees, free of charge. Secondly, reluctantly, I became the principal conductor of the Orchestra.

Not only did we survived, the Orchestra flourished. During the past 35 years we had provided free lessons for hundreds of new trainees. Over 20 eventually became professional musicians. The Orchestra performed at many different venues all over Hong Kong, and gave our first "overseas" concert in Macau in February, 1977.







25-26 February, 1977, Maca.

香港青年音樂協會

1974年二月,我起草了一份香港青年音樂協會的憲章,送到陳立僑醫生醫務所。三月十二日,協會召開了首次會員大會。同年六月,協會完成了創會手續,正式成爲一個非牟利團體。

協會器樂訓練活動順利搬到楊震中心進行,但不到數月,協會便要克服新挑戰: 我們籌來的經費有限,已不足支付指揮和導師們的車馬費。

「唉!真可惜。」指揮搖頭嘆息。「這三十多個孩子天份很高,本是可造之材,但 音樂是我和導師們的生計,我們不能免費授徒,希望你們諒解。為口奔馳,我們不能再 來授課。」就這樣,指揮和導師們一一離去了。

協會又一次面臨終止活動的危機。

逆境求存,我和協會朋友們開創了兩項嘗試。財政困難促使青年音樂協會開始了一個傳統 - 以長扶幼,分文不取。導師費負不起,年長的便當導師,培養新學員!指揮沒錢請,我和幾位受過樂隊訓練的成員便拿起指揮棒,負起訓練樂團的工作!就這樣,青年音樂協會不但活了下去,更開辦了新的器樂班,三十年來培養了數以百計的年青樂手,其中二十多人更成爲專業演奏家或導師。中樂團在香港各區免費演出,推廣民族音樂,1977年二月更到訪澳門,舉辦了首次「境外」音樂會。



	節目表	
(-)	舞幅「小刀會序曲」	大台奏
(=)	天安門(兒童歌曲改雜)	大台奏
(三)	小白船與舞曲	大台奏 (明月:明十年)
(79)	二加强奏	二胡:] 健偉 作奏揚琴: 陳岡輝
(K)		建 阿斯
(本)	紅花墓地開	人合奏(887:8848)
(E)	12標車隊山豊山	大台奏 (無限: 選問性)
(A)	步步高	邓极小组 亚英
(九)	迎着馬車喜致蘇	夘接小組重奏
(+)	山村來了個售貨員	明·中國奏:劉樹城 (新聞: 河東伊度)
(+-)	小河德水	柳葉琴蘭舞:麥志慧
(1=1)	北世州奏	既均初
(+≡)	笛子二重奏:「野蒙路上」	蘇思株 到子派
(小四)	旭日東昇	大台奏 福祥: 新聞社)
	可儀:何國章	光生

1977年7月23日大埔音樂會場刊

1977年訪問澳門

As a violinist and conductor, my experience of Chinese instrumental music was limited, but having agreed to be the conductor of the Chinese Orchestra of the Society, I had to research and study the history and nuances of this art form, and a whole new horizon dawned. I was fascinated reading the historical accounts of "Tang Yue", court music of the Zhou Dynasty (circa 1121 BC), which was performed by singers, backed up by an ensemble of between 29 and 170 musical instruments, of Emperor Tang Tai Zong's (627-647AD) "Shi Bu Ji" (ten orchestral groups) of which three groups played tradition music whilst the other seven groups performed compositions from Korea, Asia Minor and the Indian sub-continent, of the wars and rebellions (763-775 AD) which led to court musicians escaping to the provinces, passing on their skills as traveling minstrels and teachers, of the increasing popularity of operatic music, prose-reading and story-chanting which led to instrumental music taking a more subordinate role, and of the efforts made by musicians in the 20th Century to revive the playing of traditional music and to create new music for Chinese



instruments. I was deeply touched by the tonality and versatility of many traditional instruments, and the music written for them. The Gu Qin, for example, speaks to me in a way no western musical instruments can; the Er Hu, with only two strings, moves me as deeply as any of her four or six string western cousins.

When asked what I liked more, western or Chinese instrumental music, I always say, in reply, "I love both; they take me to two spiritual worlds, connected yet different, where I sense distinctly diverse patterns of colors, shapes and forms. They lead me to the same destination though. What destination? Heaven, or somewhere close to it."



Unexpectedly, my involvement in the conducting of Chinese instrumental music in 1974 influenced a decision I had to make three years later as a career civil servant. In the summer of 1977, Sir Murray MacLehose, Governor of Hong Kong, asked me to set up a new office within the Education Department to promote the teaching and performance of instrumental music by students in Hong Kong. Sir Murray knew me from my Youth Orchestra days, and he wanted to revitalize the Hong Kong Youth Orchestra, which by then was in urgent need of an uplift in standards, having lost its founding conductor, who had retired in 1976.

"I accept this assignment with pleasure," I said to Sir Murray." I know only too well the value of music training for young persons. I have, sir, just one suggestion."

"What?" asked the Governor.

"I suggest we have two streams in the new instrumental training scheme, one for western music, the other for Chinese instrumental music."

"This is your call," said Sir Murray. "Get on with it then."

In October, 1977, I founded the Music Office of the Hong Kong Government with two music disciplines, western and Chinese.



Logo, 1977



我自幼練小提琴,學指揮,對中國民族器樂認識較淺。負起了民族樂團指揮的工作, 我不得不加培努力,學習及研究這門藝術。這是一個多美好的經歷:我有點像劉姥姥走 進了大觀園,耳目一新!中國器樂歷史源遠流長,古書有關周朝(公元前1121年)盛世

時皇宮的「堂樂」文獻,記載當時宮廷樂隊由二十九至一百七十件樂器組成,再加幾十位歌手。唐朝太宗(公元627-647年)設十大類型樂隊,稱「十部伎」,其中三個樂隊演傳統音樂,其餘七隊奏出自高麗,小亞細亞及印度地區的樂曲。安祿山,史思明之亂(公元763-775年),導致大批宮廷樂手逃離朝廷,流落民間,以賣藝或開館授徒等方式,令器樂大衆化,普及化。到了元朝及明朝,戲曲、北方雜劇、南方傳奇大受群衆歡迎,器樂手漸漸變了戲曲陪襯者,純器樂演奏者地位下降。到了二十世紀,專門研究中國傳統音樂的學者和藝人致力把純民族器樂整理,部份作家也嘗試為民族器樂創作新的樂曲。



北宋樂師分布圖

對我來說,中國傳統樂器及曲調有自己獨特的感染力。作些比例:古琴的音色及句法帶給我西洋樂器找不到的美感;胡琴只有兩條弦,但它扣人心弦的音色,與用四至六弦的西洋提琴不相仲伯。

有人問:「那麼你到底喜歡西洋音樂還是中國音樂?」我的答案是:「兩樣也深愛。 爲什麼?中、西音樂帶我進入兩個不同但相連的超凡領域。在那裏我感受到多麼美好的 意境,多麼奇妙的圖案。兩種音樂都能令我進入同一境界。什麼境界?一個文字不能形 容的完美世界。」



意想不到,參加民族音樂活動影響了日後我在公務員生涯中要作的一個決定。

1977年夏天,香港總督麥理浩爵士給我一個新任務:在教育司署内成立一個組織,推廣學界器樂訓練。麥爵士早在1972年,我當青年管弦樂團導師時已認識我。他找我只有一個目的 - 提升香港青年樂團的水平,令樂隊重振聲威。1976年,青年樂團首任指揮退休,樂團青黃不接,水平下降,士氣低落。

「港督先生,我樂意接受這任務。」我說。「我深知音樂訓練對青年的重要性。但容許我作一建議。」

「你說。」麥爵士說。

「我建議在新組織内聘請兩組導師,一組教西洋管弦樂,另一組傳授中國器樂。」「這事你做主。」港督說。「好好去幹吧。」

1977年10月,音樂事務處開展全港青年管弦樂團及器樂培訓工作,中、西音樂並重。



1977年徽號

Time flies! The Society now gives it 35th Anniversary Concert. We had planned to invite our founding Chairman, Dr. L K Ding, to the concert, but were deeply saddened by the news that he passed away in San Francisco in June, 2008. To Dr. Ding's children, Vivian, Mary May, Grace, and Luke, and to their families, we offer our deepest condolences. This evening, the Society will honor Dr. Ding at a special ceremony to be held during the concert.



Dr. Ding chairing the 15th AGM



Dr. Ding attending the 1988 concert



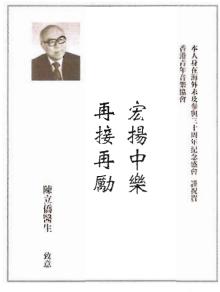
Tonight, the Orchestra will play "The Tiny Shan Pui River", a composition by Professor Joshua Chan, whom I have known since 1978. I admire Professor Chan's efforts to write new music for Chinese instrumental ensembles. He and I will, in the days ahead, start projects to expand the repertoire of Chinese music for school orchestras. We want young musicians to have the experience of playing compositions of different styles, traditional, classical and contemporary.



Shan Pui River, Yuen Long



日子過得多快,一轉眼,香港青年音樂協會已成立了三十五年。年初我們希望邀請 創會主席陳立僑醫生出席今次的音樂會,但六月接到噩耗,寄居三藩市的陳醫生與世長 辭。我和協會同人以悲痛的心情,向陳醫生四位子女:錫慧、錫靈、錫恩、錫麟及他們 的家人致以深切的慰問。今天晚上,我們將舉行一個簡單的儀式,紀念這位曾為協會勞 心勞力,曾與我們同甘共苦的前輩。



三十周年音樂會陳立僑醫生獻辭



陳夫人及兩位女兒, 1973年攝於倫敦



今晚協會中樂團將演出香港作曲家陳錦標教授的作品 - 「小小山貝河」。我1978年認識陳先生,十分欣賞他為民族器樂寫新作品的努力。日後我將與陳教授合作,增加學校民樂隊演出曲目,使年輕樂手有機會多演不同背景的樂曲,包括古典,傳統及現代風格的作品。



元朗山貝河

In 2005, I started a new initiative with the Youth Music Society. We began organizing music exchange programmes so that students from Hong Kong could perform with young musicians from other cities, to broaden their experience and horizon. By now we have worked with schools from China, Singapore, Malaysia and Hong Kong. We plan to extend the programmes to other cities and countries.





Over the years, members of the Society have given support to schools which wanted to set up Chinese orchestras. Ko Lui Secondary School, Kwun Tong, is one recent example of success: students from Ko Lui, some of whom started lessons in 2006, are tonight playing in the Orchestra, alongside their instructors. I applaud this initiative; one which I shall always support. To me, nothing is more satisfying than witnessing the development of young students, from their struggle to get to grips with the basics, to becoming fully-fledged performers, and finally, to joining the rank of teachers, bringing up the next generation of players. Looking back, it was this cycle of birth, nurture, bloom and regeneration of young musicians which gave Dr L K Ding and the founding members of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society the inspiration and courage to soldier on during those dark, winter days of 1973.

All founding members of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society have now retired. Mrs. O'Connell, aged over 90, lives in England. She asked me to send her a copy of this souvenir programme and a CD of the concert. Mrs. Louise Mok lives in Hong Kong. She organized our second concert in Macau in 2005 and will be with us tonight. Mr. Peter Ho resides in Canada. He writes occasionally to get news of the Society. We treasure the memory of the work we did setting up the Society. Our friendship, born in adversity, will never fade.

Happy Birthday, Hong Kong Youth Music Society.



Gordon Siu
Founding Member



2005年我和青年音樂協會開展了一些新活動。我們為來自不同國家、不同城市的學校籌辦了一系列的學生音樂交流活動,目的是增加各地年青樂手學習及演奏的經驗,擴濶同學們的視野及眼光。過去三年,參加過這些活動的同學來自中國、新加坡、馬來西亞及香港。日後協會會繼續這類活動。





過去幾年,青年音樂協會會員多次協助香港一些中、小學成立中樂團及籌辦民樂訓練班,最近一個成功的例子,是觀塘高雷中學。青協自2006年開始幫助高雷中學創辦中樂團。高雷中學部分同學今天晚上已成爲青協中樂團團友,與訓練他們不到三年的導師一同演出。我永遠支持青協在這方面的努力。對我來說,過去數十寒暑,給我最大滿足的工作,是培育年青樂手。我多高興目睹年青人在不大願意的情況下,抱著戰戰兢兢的心情踏出了學器樂的第一步,多幸苦才克服了初學的困難,琴藝漸進,成爲了有經驗的演奏者,最後投身導師行列,爲訓練下一代樂手盡一己之力。回想1973年十二月那些黑暗、無望的日子,是什麼驅使陳立僑醫生和青協創會會員不離不棄,努力支撐青協的活動?是一些信念、一點堅持 一 我們深信訓練青年人是一項循環再續、川流不息、意義深重的事業。面對多大困難,培育下一代的工作也一定要堅持下去。

三十五年後的今天,青協創會會員全都退休了!奧康妮夫人年過90,安居英國。 她知道青協今晚盛會,請我把場刊和錄音寄給她。莫何婉穎女士住在香港,將出席今晚 的音樂會。2005年她安排青協第二次訪問澳門。何國璋先生身在加拿大,不時以電郵詢 問青協近況。我們四人永遠銘記當年成立青協的日子。歲月的流逝不但不能沖淡我們對 青協的熱忱,只會使我們與青協在困難中產生的友誼變得更深刻,更真摯。

熱烈恭賀香港青年音樂協會成立三十五周年,謹祝會員工作順利,身體健康。



蕭炯柱

The Hong Kong Youth Music Society

Founded in 1973, the Hong Kong Youth Music Society registered as a non-profit-making organization in 1974. Its aim is to promote the learning and performance of instrumental music by young persons in Hong Kong. It now runs a Chinese Orchestra, with many players coming from the free instrumental classes provided by the Society.

Since its formation, like many voluntary charitable bodies in Hong Kong, the Society has had to overcome many obstacles in order just to survive, and it was always the efforts of its member and the support of the community that had helped sustain the Society over the past 35 years. The Society's free music classes have provided training for hundreds of young persons, including ove 20 graduates who are now professional musicians. The Society's Chinese Orchestra gave regula performances to promote the appreciation of Chinese instrumental music. The Orchestra had performed in the "Music for the Millions" concerts organized by the Music Office of the Government of Hong Kong. It had given free concerts at many different locations in Hong Kong for a variety of causes, including, for example, to help raise funds for the Community Chest, to entertain students at the Ebenezer School for the Visually Impaired, and to give support to inmate at the Shek Ku Chau Rehabilition Centre. In 1994, the Society and the Yang Memorial Methodis Social Service Centre gave a charitable concert to raise fund for an orphanage in Nanjing, China From 1998 to 2002, the Society ran free instrumental classes at the Kai Yip Community Hall, Kwur Tong.

The Chinese Orchestra of the Society is now made up of seasoned players, both professional and amateurs, and its annual concert is well supported by local patrons and music lovers. The Orchestra has performed under the direction of renowned conductors such as He Zhanhao, Wong On-yuen, Kuan Nai-chung, Aik Yew-goh, Chen Ning-chi and Ku Lap-man. It had provide orchestral backing to many first-class soloists, including Shao Lin, Ma Xiaohui, Chen Aijuan, Hi Lintze and Wu Bixia.

In 2005, the Society started a new initiative, this time in the form of promoting musi exchange programmes for young players from different cities and countries. In May 2005 the Society visited the city of Zhanjiang in China, and performed with the Chinese orchestra of on of its top primary schools. In 2006, the Zhanjiang primary school paid a return visit to Hong Kong and gave a concert with the Society's orchestra in Yuen Long. In October 2006, the Society went to Singapore, and performed with the school orchestras of the Hwa Chong Secondary School and the Outram Secondary School. In December 2007, the Outram orchestra came to Hong Kong, an played with the combined orchestras of the Society and Hong Kong's Ko Lui Secondary School The Society plans to continue to support this form of activities in the years ahead, with visits not planned for its Chinese Orchestra and orchestras from schools in Hong Kong to travel to a number of cities in South East Asia and China and to perform with students in these cities.



香港青年音樂協會

香港青年音樂協會成立於一九七三年,於一九七四年註冊為非牟利團體。宗旨為「培養青少年對中國音樂的興趣,推廣中國音樂,服務社會」。

回顧過去,「青協」曾面對不少困境。然而,在團員的群策群力和各界友好的支持與鼓勵下,一次又一次跨越難關,朝著目標健康成長。協會多次開辦免費樂器訓練班,並積極參與昔日音樂事務統籌處之「樂韻播萬千」音樂會,向中小學生介紹中國樂器;又與公益金合辦籌款音樂會,並於石鼓洲戒毒所和心光盲人院等社會機構舉行志願音樂會。一九九四年「青協」與循道衛理楊震社會服務處合作,為南京孤兒院舉行籌款音樂會,取得空前成功,為社會人士所讚賞。一九九八年至二零零二年間,「青協」在觀塘啟業村社區會堂舉辦中國樂器訓練班,為區內青少年提供學習民族音樂的機會。

「青協」轄下中樂團發展至今已頗具規模,不少團員成為本港業餘中樂界的中堅分子,部分更已晉身專業演奏行業。除了向社會各階層介紹中國音樂外,「青協」中樂團每年都有舉行藝術性較高的大型音樂會,深得社會各界人士好評。

為提高團員音樂水平,協會曾邀請不少香港及國內著名音樂家及前輩為樂團擔任客席指揮包括有何占豪、黃安源、關迺忠、易有伍、陳能濟、顧立民等。曾為樂團演出的演奏家包括有是次擔任獨奏的邵琳,以及馬曉暉、陳愛娟、許菱子等;歌唱家方面則有我國知名女高音吳碧霞等。此外,樂團在本港首演過不少優秀樂曲,諸如《飛天》、《漓江隨想曲》、《莫愁女幻想曲》、《青春》等。

除積極應邀為本地社區作志願演出,協會近年更著力於籌辦交流音樂會:二零零五年訪問湛江市,與該市重點小學(湛江市二十五小學)舉行民樂音樂會;零六年四月湛江市二十五小學回訪並舉行交流音樂會。同年十月,應新加坡華僑中學和歐南中學之邀,前往當地與中學生舉行中國民樂交流會;又於二零零七年十二月邀請歐南中學回訪,並協助該校與本港高雷中學合作舉辦民樂交流音樂會,為推廣民樂作出貢獻。



東初

香港資深民樂指揮家,作曲及樂評人,早期肆業香港中華音樂院,後隨范希賢繼續學習作曲。1958年擔任華南電影工作者聯合會民族管弦樂團指揮,與當時多位熱愛民樂人 位一起努力耕耘,成立了第一個具有規模的民族管弦樂團。當時改編了《梁祝》小提琴協 奏曲以高胡獨奏,民樂團協奏曲,1963年在香港大會堂音樂廳作首次演出。

1965年至82年間擔任文員協會民族管弦樂團指揮兼作曲。期間創作了多部大型粵語方言作品,包括歌劇《收租院》,清唱劇《火海新歌》是黎文作詞。

後改編辛滬光的管弦樂交響詩《嗄達梅林》,呂紹恩的琵琶獨奏曲《狼牙山五 壯士》為民樂合奏。60年代應信誠書局之邀,出版改編的《廣東音樂合奏曲》及兩集《中 國民間音樂合奏曲》。為藝聲唱片灌錄香港第一張大型民族樂團演奏的《漢宮秋月》、 《山茶花》與《獅子滾球》,為文志唱片灌錄《中國民間音樂精選》和《彩球舞》。近年 更以雙木樺、上官清及司徒敏青筆名為報章撰寫樂評與唱片介紹。為多個樂團及合唱團作 客席指揮。目前是香港高齡教工合唱團指揮。

Tung Chor

Tung Chor is one of Hong Kong's most senior conductor, composer and critic of Chinese music. He graduated from the Hong Kong Academy of Chinese Music and was the student of composer Fan Hey Yuen. In 1958, Tung Chor was the conductor of the Chinese Orchestra of the South China Film Workers Union). Working with a group of music lovers, he arranged the "Butterfly Lovers Concerto" for solo gaohu, accompanied by Chinese orchestra, and gave this work its premier performance at the City Hall in 1963.

From 1965 to 1982, as conductor and composer of the Chinese Orchestra of the Clerical Workers Society, Tung Chor composed a number of works which was to be sung in the Cantonese dialect. He also rearranged compositions written for the pipa and for the symphony orchestra for performance by a Chinese orchestra. His publications include works on Cantonese music and Chinese folk songs. Using different pen-names, he regularly wrote concert reviews for newspapers and periodicals, and recordings of his performances included major compositions for Chinese orchestras. Tung Chor is now principal conductor of the Hong Kong Senior Education workers Choir.



徐英輝

徐氏於87年及90年取得一級榮譽學士及哲學碩士(民族音樂學 - 中國音樂)學位,亦曾於美國匹茲堡大學修讀民族音樂學。徐氏現職音樂事務處高級音樂主任(中樂),亦為香港青年中樂團、音樂事務處導師中樂團及音樂事務處兒童中樂團指揮。

徐氏一向熱衷於指揮及演奏活動,曾任澳門文化廳中樂團笛子首席及樂器導師,本港多個業餘中樂團的團員及指揮,香港泛亞交響樂團及中大管弦樂團長笛首席,及中、小學校管樂隊及管弦樂隊之導師及指揮。此外,徐氏於80年代曾隨香港音樂事務處中樂小組及青年樂團前往英國、上海及北京等地演出。其後於2000年帶領香港青年中樂團前往北京及西安作交流演出;2005年8月帶領香港青年彈撥中樂團前往英國參加「鴨巴甸國際青年節」;2006年10月擔任香港青年音樂協會中樂團新加坡作交流演出團隨團指揮;2007年11月帶領香港青年中樂團應邀前往南京、無錫及江陰市舉行音樂會。2002及2004年應邀前往大馬為馬來西亞全國華樂大賽擔任評委。

徐氏亦致力於音樂教學及研究工作,包括曾於香港中文大學音樂系及香港演藝學院音樂學院及科藝學院任兼職講師、香港中文大學音樂系研究員及助教、《香港中樂團二十週年特刊》之編輯。亦曾為前香港臨時市政局及香港教育署、美國的音樂學術刊物及嘉蘭世界音樂百科全書撰寫關於中國音樂的文章。

Tsui Ying-fai

Tsui obtained his bachelor (first-class honor) and master (Ethnomusicology – Chinese Music) degrees in the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1987 and 1990 respectively and has studied ethnomusicology in the University of Pittsburgh (USA). Currently, he is the Senior Music Officer (Chinese Music) of the Music Office, the conductor of the Hong Kong Youth Chinese Orchestra, Music Office Instructors' Chinese orchestra and Music Office Children's Chinese Orchestra.

Tsui has been active in the field of Chinese music as a conductor as well as a performer. He was the principal dizi player of the Macau Chinese Orchestra and the instructor of dizi and Chinese percussion of the Cultural Institute of Macau, the principal flautist of the Hong Kong Pan Asian Symphony Orchestra and the University Orchestra of the Chinese University of Hong Kong, and the conductor of many local school symphonic bands, Western orchestras and amateur Chinese orchestras. Tsui took part in the Music Office overseas performing tours in the 1980s as a member. As a tour leader and conductor, Tsui led the Hong Kong Youth Chinese Orchestra to perform in Beijing and Xi'an in 2000 and in Nanjing, Wuxi and Jiangyin in 2007; the Hong Kong Youth Chinese Plucked String Orchestra to participate in the Aberdeen International Youth Festival in Scotland, UK in 2005. He was also the conductor in the Chinese Orchestra of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society Singapore Tour in October 2006. In 2002 and 2004, he was invited to serve on the adjudicating panel of the National Chinese Orchestral Contest in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

As a music teacher and researcher, Tsui has worked as a tutor and research staff of the Music Department, the Chinese University of Hong Kong, a part-time lecturer of Music Department, the Chinese University of Hong Kong, the Music School and School of Technical Arts, Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts; the editor of *The 20th Anniversary of Hong Kong Chinese Orchestra*. He has also published articles on Chinese instrumental music in publications by the former Hong Kong Provisional Urban Council and the Education Department (now Education and Manpower Bureau), and in music academic journals in the US and the well-known *Garland Encyclopedia of World Music*.



Shao Lin

Shao Lin was born in a music-loving family in Xinjiang. She began learning the erhu at the age of six and became one of the youngest debutant on stage at the age of nine. With excellent musical sense and inborn reflexes, Shao Lin was admitted into The Shanghai Conservatory Affiliated Primary School studying under Profs. Lu Jianye, Lin Xinmin and Wu Zhimin. After graduating with distinction from the Shanghai Conservatory of Music, she joined the Shanghai National Music Orchestra. In spring 2007, she emigrated to Hong Kong under the Quality Migrant Admission Scheme.

As a soloist, Shao Lin's performances are always filled with passion and inspiration. She frequently appeared in important performances, both in China and overseas. She has given numerous successful performances in collaboration with major orchestras and renowned conductors. Her premiere performances of pieces such as "Glamour Of Shanghai", "The 4th Erhu Concerto", "Xishi" and "The Butterfly Lovers Erhu Concerto" all received high acclaim.

Between 1994 and 2004, Shao Lin released four albums. In 2003, her adaptation, compilation and recording of a number of erhu pieces were released in scores and in CD under the title of "Liuxinyu" by Shanghai Music Publication Centre. In 2003 and 2005, at the invitation of the Hong Kong Chinese Orchestra, she performed as soloist with the orchestra. In 2007, she was invited by the Hong Kong Music Office to serve on the adjudicating panel of the Inter-School Chinese Orchestra Contest. In March and April 2008, she gave solo recitals in Hong Kong and Ningbo respectively. Apart from the erhu, Shao Lin also plays aizhek, a bowed string instrument originated from the Uighurs of Xinjiang, in major concerts.

Shao Lin has been the winner of many prizes. She has often been interviewed by major media including China CCTV, Shanghai TV, Shanghai Oriental TV, Radio People, Singapore TV, Macau TV as well as newspapers and magazines.

Shao Lin has been invited to perform in many countries including Japan, Singapore, Malaysia, Swiss, Austria, German, France, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan. On her performance, a number of music critics have commented on how deeply they had been impressed by Shao Lin's impeccable technique, artistry and virtuosity.

邵琳

青年二胡演奏家。曾獲全國"江南絲竹比賽"二等獎、"臺灣國際民族器樂協奏曲大賽"優異獎、"上海之春國際音樂節"最高獎等獎項。2007年,作爲香港政府引進首批"優秀人才""移民香港。

邵琳出生於一個音樂愛好者家庭,自幼便顯示出過人的音樂天賦和良好的藝術感覺。她六歲習琴,先後師從盧建業、林心銘、吳之瑉教授。1982年考入上海音樂學院附小,隨即應邀赴日本、香港等地演出,深受好評。1995年以優異成績畢業於上海音樂學院,並任上海民族樂團演奏家。

邵琳的二胡演奏音色細膩、技巧嫺熟,音樂感人而別具一格,其給人留下的最深刻印象是其豐富的藝術表現力和藝術感染力。二胡中的諸多重要作品經邵琳首演後得以流傳推廣,如:1995年首演、首錄大型二胡協奏曲《梁祝》、《離騷》;2001年與上海交響樂團合作,首演、首錄二胡協奏曲《申韻幻想》;2003年在"上海國際藝術節"中與上海民族樂團合作,首演新創二胡協奏曲《西施》;2004年在"上海之春國際音樂節"中成功首演《第四二胡協奏曲》;同年,首錄二胡協奏曲《蝶戀花》;1997年在紀念著名民間音樂家孫文明的音樂會中,孫先生的代表作之一、具有特殊高難度技巧的二胡獨奏曲《夜靜驚聲》也由邵琳首次搬上音樂舞臺,得到專家們的一致認可和高度評價。

邵琳先後在上海、香港等地舉辦過多場個人獨奏音樂會。2007年應邀擔任香港音樂事務處中 樂匯演評委及客席二胡獨奏。今年三月和四月更分別在香港和寧波成巧舉行個人獨奏會。

其就讀音樂學院期間,即由唱片公司出版第一張個人專輯《梁祝離騷》;1998年,錄製第二張個人專輯《紅樓夢》;2004年,出版第三張個人專輯《蝶戀花》;經邵琳改編並演奏的二胡小品CD專輯與樂譜集《流行雨》也由上海音樂出版社出版發行。

邵琳與國內、國際的藝術家們合作演出了許多協奏曲:1995年與上海交響樂團合作演出,錄製演出新編大型二胡協奏曲《別亦難》;同年,赴新加坡演出二胡協奏曲《亂世情侶》;1999年與上海交響樂團、上海廣播交響樂團合作,參加紀念《梁祝》四十周年系列演出;2000年應邀與香港青年音樂協會合作演出二胡協奏曲《離騷》;在"二胡百年紀念音樂會"中與上海民族樂團合作演出《第一二胡狂想曲》;同年應邀與臺北市立國樂團合作演出《別亦難》;2003年應香港中樂團邀請合作演出二胡協奏曲《莫愁女》。2004年與香港青年音樂協會合作成功演出民樂版《梁祝》。2005年與香港中樂團合作演出二胡協奏曲《天山風情》;2006年在香港成功演出新編二胡協奏曲《蘭花花》等。

邵琳曾先後出訪日本、新加坡、馬來西亜、瑞士、德國、奧地利、法國及港澳臺等國家和地區,她還是一位新疆維吾爾族拉絃樂器 - 艾捷克的演奏家,多次在"上海之春"、"上海國際藝術節"、"澳門國際藝術節"及出訪等重大演出中擔任獨奏。中央電視台、上海電視台等多家媒體多次爲其錄製專題報道。專家們認爲,邵琳是一位優秀的並極具潛力的青年二胡演奏家。



吳玉芯

吳氏早年就讀香港聯合音樂學院。畢業後,曾師從歌唱家李冰與楊羅娜女士進修 並考獲倫敦聖三一音樂學院院士文憑。及後再赴歐洲深造,得法國女中音演唱家高萊茜 導,以優異成績,獲巴黎歐洲音樂學院頒授高等聲樂文憑。

吳氏活躍於藝術舞台,曾演唱的音樂會有:前市政局贊助的<<女高音吳玉芯獨唱會>> 法國文化協會贊助的<<法國歌曲演唱會>>,香港文化藝術基金會贊助的、<<中港澳歌聲香江>>及中國三大音樂節之一的<<哈爾濱之夏音樂會>>(2008)。吳氏也曾於加拿大介紹國優秀的聲樂作品,並作交流演唱。

自一九九一年創立樂苗藝舍一兒童及青少年藝術推廣中心始,吳氏熱心培訓少年 童和提供無數的演出機會。二零零三年起亦致力提升個人歌唱技巧,至今她的學生獲取<<香 校際音樂節>>獨唱獎項,屢計六十二人。吳氏不遺餘力地提倡音樂藝術教育,對此,中 港傳媒都作出了專題報導,其中有香港無線電視<<星期二檔案>>的<<音樂人生>>篇、香港 台第四台節目<<音樂旅程>>、信報、文匯報、親子時代雜誌及中國哈爾濱電台等。

吳氏現為樂苗藝舍總監、香港樂苗音樂協會主席、香港校長合唱團指揮、香港高數工合唱團聲樂指導、香港作詞家及作曲家協會會員(CASH)。

Sandra Ng Yuk Shum

In the early years, Ms Ng studied at Hong Kong United Academy of Music. After graduation, she looked for the mentorship of vocalists Ms Lee Bing and Ms Lola Your to better her singing skill, and was awarded the Fellowship Diploma by Trinity College Music London. Later, she went to Europe to further her training. Under the supervision French concert singer Irma Kolassi, she obtained Diplome Superieur conferred by Conservator Europeen De Musique De Paris with distinction.

Ms Ng is active in the performing arena. She gave recitals in concerts in the territor and Mainland including "Vocal Recital by Soprano Sandra Ng Yuk Shum", "Recital French Songs", and "Harbin Summer Concerts 2008" (one of the 3 major music festivals China). She also toured round the cities in Canada to share her expertise in spectacul

Chinese songs with the local professionals.

Ms Ng is enthusiastic about music education for the young and her contribution in to community and in schools is well recognized. From 2003 to 2008, sixty-two of her studen have been awarded vocal solo medals in the "Hong Kong Schools Music festival". The efforts she has made in the past years to advocate music education were reported by the Mainland and local media. The episode "Music in My Life" in the TVB programme at RTHK Channel 4 programme "A Journey to Music", and feature articles in the local press have presented a detailed narration of her story.

At present, she is the supervisor of Cadenza House, the chairperson of Hong Ko Cadenza Music Association, the conductor of "Hong Kong School Principals Choir" at three other school choirs, and the vocal music instructor of "Hong Kong Senior Education of the conductor of the con

Workers Association Choir".



顧錦華

一九六一年考入上海音樂學院主修聲樂,師承周小燕、溫可錚及夏承喻老師。曾獲1963年全港女高音歌唱比賽古典歌曲組亞軍,同年取得《鶯歌燕舞》電影歌曲比賽冠軍及電影《劉三姐》歌曲比賽冠軍,當年加入麗的電視曾主演廿多套《民謠歌劇》及《大家唱》示範演出,被報界評為《民歌之花》。七十年代再拜江樺為師,學習聲樂,一九九二年加入華南電影工作者聯合會擔任演出隊老師,曾擔任學校課外活動《童聲合唱》導師及香港高齡教工合唱團聲樂導師。

Koo Kam Wah

In 1961, Koo Kam Wah joined the Shanghai Conservatory where she studied under a number of famous vocal teachers. In 1963, she was the runner-up at a classical music singing competition held in Hong Kong. In that year, she won the Hong Kong competition for performance of music written for two popular films, and joined the Rediffusion Broadcasting Company. Working for this television station, she performed in more than 20 shows promoting Chinese folk music. In 1970 she studied under Miss Jian Hwa, the famous soprano. In 1992 she joined the South China Film Workers' Union as choral director. She is also an instructor of the Hong Kong Senior Education Workers' Choir.



香港高齡教工合唱團

合唱團成立於一九九七年,是香港高齡教育工作者聯誼會屬下一個活躍班組,目前合唱團員共有一百三十多人,是香港眾多合唱團中成員最多的一個,團員都是退休的教育工作者,平均年齡七十多歲。也是香港合唱團協會成員。從2000年開始,每年都有一至兩次演出。

2000年,在香港大會堂音樂廳參與龍音協會主辦《良朋共敍賀千禧》的演出。

2001年,本會在香港上環文娛中心劇院主辦《長幼同歡音樂會》。

2002年,聯同《香港青少年國樂團》、《樂苗藝舍歌詠大使團》及《中山樂力合唱團》演出《歌聲·樂聲伴人生》音樂會於中山市南區文娛中心舉行。回港後立即參與教育界在維多利亞公園主辦慶回歸的《文藝馬拉松》滙演。

2003年《歌聲・樂聲伴人生》音樂會在香港大會堂重演。同年七月,參與澳門藝音文化中心

主辦的《省港澳合唱交流音樂會》。

2004年,參與《黃河大合唱》之千人大合唱,聯同本港多個合唱團、天津交響樂團,先後在香

港文化中心音樂廳及沙田大會堂演出。

2005年,本會主辦一次《高歌歡唱夕陽紅》音樂會,門票一日售罄。同年部份團員參與香港合唱團協會主辦,到北京演出紀念抗日戰爭勝利60周年《黃河大合唱》音樂會。八月參加雲南省主辦首屆聶耳杯合唱節,獲得最佳表現獎,特別參賽獎及獎金。十月參與《火紅的年代》音樂會,與中山樂力合唱團及中山市兒童合唱團演出於香港大會堂音樂廳。

2006年,應香港康樂及文化事務署之邀,參與《香港的故事》演唱,描寫木屋區大火的清粵劇「火海新歌」。十月,應樂苗藝舍之邀,參與該社慶祝十五周年而主辦的《樂韻獻愛心》慈善養會,演出一組合唱歌曲。十一月在香港、廣州、澳門及台灣四地退休教師聯歡會上演唱。歲末,應香港無線電視台邀請,在翡翠台之《開心老友記》節目兩度演出。

2007年4月,由本會主辦一場慶祝香港回歸、本會及合唱團同是十周年紀念的音樂會《高歌 慶十載情》。六月二十二日,應「香港中樂團」之邀,參加演出。兩場音樂會同在香港大會堂音樂

廳上演,十一月中到澳門主辦的港、澳、穗、台四地退休教工聯歡中演出。

今年十二月中,準備演唱黃河大合唱及到澳門參加合唱節作嘉賓演出。合唱團指揮東初, 長陳麗妍,副團長翁益彰,龍寶雲,聲樂指導吳玉芯,顧錦華,顧問萬明,占鎮邦。

Hong Kong Senior Education Workers Choir

Founded in 1997, the Hong Kong Senior Education Workers Choir is one of the groups set up by the Hong Kong Senior Education workers Association Ltd. One of the largest choral troupes in Hong Kong, the Choirs is made up of over 130 singers who are teachers in retirement with an average age of over 70 years.

Since 2000, the Choir has given one or more performances every year at the City Hall and at cultural venues all over Hong Kong. It has also performed in a number of cities in Chinz including Chung Shan (in 2002), Macau (in 2003, 2006, 2007 and 2008), Beijing (in 2005), and Yunnan (in 2005) at which the Choir won three awards. In 2006, the Choir was the feature of special program broadcasted by the Television Broadcasting Company, Hong Kong. The Choir happerformed with the Tianjin Symphony Orchestra and the Hong Kong Chinese Orchestra, and in repertoire includes works by many famous Chinese composers.

At tonight's concert, the Choir will sing the Yellow River Cantata accompanied by the Chines Orchestra of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society.



知音合唱團

成立於1998年 ,最初由一班認識了十多年的好朋友組成。團員包括大學講師、社工、專業人士、教師及文員等。團員藉合唱練習維繫彼此的友誼、豐富生活、滋養心靈。合唱團由吳玉芯女士擔任總監及指揮 ,羅家寶小姐任伴奏。合唱團成立以來曾參與多項公開演出 ,其中包括多場周年音樂會及為扶康會籌款的慈善音樂會,亦曾於香港文化中心演唱 ,又被邀往澳門及中國內地交流表演。

Sintonia Choir

Formed in 1998 by some guys who had been good friends for more than ten years, Sintonia Choir has members working as university lecturers, social workers, professionals, teachers and office personnel, etc. Singing practices have maintained their friendly ties, enriched their daily life and nourished their spiritual life. The choir, with Madame Sandra NG as its Music director and Conductor, and Miss Amy LO as its pianist, has featured numerous performances, including annual concerts, a fund-raising charity concert for Fu Hong society, performances in Hong Kong Cultural Centre, and invitational performances in Macao and Zhongshan, China.

香港樂苗歌詠大使團

樂苗歌詠大使團成立於一九九八年,附屬於樂苗藝舍一兒童及青少年藝術推廣中心。歌詠團創辦的目的在於:(一)以音樂活動,促使少年兒童了解人生及生活的意義;(二)以參與舞台演出、比賽,培養少年兒童成為有教養、有自信、有祖國情懷的社會棟樑;(三)以音樂服務社會。

合唱團的訓練,著重個人與整體的聲樂技巧的提升。自2003年始,多位團員連年獲取<<香港校際音樂節>>的獎項。歌詠團的音樂總監及指揮由吳玉芯女士擔任、助理指揮為林慧玲女士,鋼琴伴奏為吳嘉欣老師。多年來,合唱團於中、港、澳三地演出無數,如國慶節、慶回歸、迎奧運、慈善音樂會、安老院親善訪問等;又曾獲信報,親子時代雜誌等報刊專訪。

Cadenza Children's Choir

Cadenza Children's Choir was founded by Ms Sandra Ng Yuk Shum and some teachers with education ideals in 1998. The choir is subordinate to Cadenza House which is an arts promotion centre for the young. The mission of the choir aims at inculcating the youngsters the meaning of life and livelihood through music, preparing them to become cultivated, confident community leaders who have hearty feelings about their motherland through performances and competitions, and also serving the community through music. The training of the choir lays emphasis on the improvement of vocal skills of the individuals and the choir as a whole. Since 2003, many choir members have actively participated in the "Hong Kong Schools Music Festival" and won medals with flying colours.

For years, the choir has been giving performances in many occasions in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China such as "International Arts Festival for Children" as a celebration on the National Day, "The Celebration of the Return of Hong Kong to the Motherland", "2008 Olympic Welcome Party", and other charity concerts and good-will visits to homes for the senior citizens. Ms Ng Yuk Shum is currently the music director and conductor of the choir. Ms Lam Wai Ling is the assistant conductor and Ms Ng Ka Yan is the piano accompanist of the choir.



高雷中學中樂團

高**雷**中學於2005年9月在中一設立才藝課以配合創意教育,同學須參加戲劇、舞蹈、中樂及田徑訓練,以培養學生的溝通能力和創造力,並為日後專項發展奠下基礎。2006年11月,學校成立了中樂團,並以選修中樂的同學為骨幹團員,逢星期三放學後練習。

在學校的大力支持及鼓勵下,加上導師蘇紹勲先生、裴俊軒先生、高國健先生、孫允文先生、郭 新時先生及蘇達強先生的悉心指導下,技術水平不斷提升。今天,本校中樂團已發展成60人的團隊,組 織為樂器班、初團及高團。

樂團經常參與校內外的演出,於2007年12月主辦<<雙城匯知音>>音樂會,參與單位包括星加坡歐南中學,迦密梁省德學校及香港青年音樂協會,共百多位年青演奏家同台演出,演出多首民族著名樂曲,盛況空前,大獲好評。此外,樂團成員在第60屆 (2008) 校際音樂節中,取得多項獎項,包括:中級組笛子獨奏冠軍,初級組笛子獨奏亞軍及季軍,中級組琵琶獨奏季軍;在<<大自然音樂會>>--學校聯演獲得優良表演獎。

2008年12月6日,高雷中學中樂團回訪新加坡歐南中學,並在新加坡會議中心(Singapore Conference Hall) 與歐南中學、聖嬰中學、馬來西亞居鑾中華中學華樂團組成百人大樂隊,演出包括「東海漁歌」及「飛天」 等樂曲。

本校中樂團承蒙香港青年音樂協會的鼓勵及指導得以迅速發展及成長。

The Ko Lui Secondary School Chinese Orchestra

In order to promote creative education and talent building, Ko Lui Secondary School started offering Performing Arts and Sports Lessons (PASL) in September 2005. Students undergo training in dance, drama, Chinese musical instruments and athletics to cultivate their creative skills, latent talent and communicative ability. These lessons provide a solid foundation for the more specialised training which would follow. In November 2006, the School founded its Chinese Orchestra. The students who specialised in Chinese music became the core members of the Orchestra and started rehearsing every Wednesday.

Since the founding of the Orchestra two years ago, it has made steady progress under the guidance of the following instructors: Mr So Siu-fun, Mr Pui Chun-hin, Mr Ko Kwok-kin, Mr Suen Wan-man, Mr Kwok Sun-see and Mr So Tat-keung. Currently there are 60 members in the Orchestra, comprising three groups: Musical Instrument Class, Junior Orchestra and Senior Orchestra.

The Orchestra hosted 'A Concert for Two Cities' in December 2007. Participants included the Chinese Orchestra of Outram Secondary School from Singapore, Carmel Leung Sing Tak School from Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Youth Music Society. More than a hundred musicians performed numerous famous Chinese compositions on stage at Ko Lui Secondary School. This was an event unprecedented in the history of our School and was very well-received.

Some members of the Orchestra won prizes in the 60th Hong Kong Schools Music Festival (2008). These were: First Place for Dizi Solo (Intermediate Section), Second and Third Places for Dizi Solo (Elementary Section) and Third Place for Pipa Solo (Intermediate Section). Furthermore, the Orchestra itself was awarded 'Meritorious Performance Award' in the 'Music Inspired by Nature' – Joint School Concert.

In Dec 2008, the school Chinese Orchestra returned a visit to the Singapore Outram Secondary School. They played in the combined orchestra comprising with Outram Secondary School, Holy Innocents' High and Sekolan Menengah Kluang Chory hwa. More than a hundred young musicians performed 'Dance of The Dun Huang Mural Fairies' and 'The fishery song of Eastern Sea'.

The Ko Lui Secondary School Chinese Orchestra is making rapid progress, thanks to the encouragement and guidance of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society.

香港青年音樂協會演出者名單

The Chinese Orchestra of the Hong Kong Youth Music Society

笛子	Dizi	揚琴	Yangqin	高胡	Gaohu	大提琴	Cello
楊王甘 信 類 民 偉 國 民 龍 裏 是 健 題 是 章 是 章 是 章 是 章 是 章 是 章 是 章 是 章	Yeung Po Shun Stephanie Wong Kam Wai Mun Chu Kwok Lung Hung Sze Ho Chen Kam Wai	郭新時 李玉蓮 陳玉儀	Kwok Sun See Lee Yuk Lin Chan Yuk Yi	徐錦棠 楊輝榮 熊思敏 徐尚譽	Chui Kam Tong Yeung Fai Wing Angela Hung Tsui Sheung Yue	蕭偉中 何蘇達強 彭婉婷	Justin Siu Ho Kwok Yung So Tat Keung Pang Yuen Ting
笙	Sheng	琵琶	Pipa	二胡	Erhu	低音大提琴	Double Bass
孫敏之 裴俊軒 東軍 彰軍 ・	Sun Man Chi Ernest Pui Maggie Chan Shane Pang	孫高黎林彭陳方丘朝健貞芬琪程珠瑛	Sun Wan Chiu Ko Kwok Kin Lai Siu Ching Lam Yuk Fun Pang Yuen Ki Chan Shu Ching Fong Pui Chu Yau Wa Ying	梁文彭楊王黃潘彭白江黎徐吳聶陳莫德灼 振麗學志婉得偉國尚佩家子哲高峰全國珍年聰玲雲基基暘和玉匡揚	Leung Tak Ko Man Cheuk Fung Pang Chuen Yeung Chun Kwok Wong Lai Chun Wong Hok Nin Poon Chi Chung Pang Yuen Ling Pak Tak Wan Kong Wai Kei Lai Kwok Kay Tsui Sheung Yeung Ng Piu Woo Nip Ka Yuk Chan Tsz Hong Mok Chit Yeung	施俊丞張勘聰	Si Chun Shing Cheung Hoi Ying Chan Chi Chung
管/嗩吶	Guan/Suona	柳琴	Liuqin	中胡	Zhonghu	敲擊	Percussion
關永強 洪俊銘 黃大明 劉樹敏	Kwan Wing Keung Hung Chun Ming Wong Tai Ming Lau Shu Man	鄭穗冰 林美芬 張凱瑩(兼)	Cheng Shui Bing Lam Mi Fun Cheung Hoi Ying	陳啟遠 劉日如 陳志輝 吳汝洲	Chan Kai Yuen Lau Yat Yu Chan Chi Fai Ng Yue Chow	孫允文 徐鳳珍 徐佩珍 孫允豪 鄧智華 謝愛	Suen Wan Man Tsui Fung Chun Chui Pui Chun Suen Wan Ho Tang Chi Wah Tse Oi Suet
單簧管	Clarinet	中阮	Zhongruan			鍵盤	Keyboard
何國棟	Gordon Ho	謝愛蘭 萬少芬 鄭穗冰(兼) 大阮	Tse Oi Lan Man SiuFan Cheng Shui Bing			黄繁怡	Cynthia Wong
		高國健(兼)	Ko Kwok Kin				
		三弦	Sanxian				
		蘇達強(兼)	So Tat Keung				
		古筝	Guzheng				
		徐佩珍(兼)	Chui Pui Chun				
		熊思昊(兼)	Hung Sze Ho				

Programme

"Golden Harvest"

Arranged by Peng Siu Wen and Cai Hui Quan

Orchestra

Conductor: Tsui Ying Fai

"Shui Diao Ge Tou"

Words by Susi Music by Lau Chun Wah Arranged by Chan Kwok Fai Soprano solo: Sandra Ng Small group accompaniment

"Dawn in Spring" "Farewell Grief"

Soprano and Chorus Soprano: Sandra Ng Sintonia Choir and Hong Kong Cadenza Children's Choir Conductor: Tsui Ying Fai

"Yellow River Cantata"

Orchestra and Chorus Hong Kong Senior Education Workers Choir Conductor: Tung Chor

Words by Kuang Wei-jan Music by Hsien Hsing hai Arranged by Tung Chor

Words by Meng Hou Ran

Words by Li Shang Yin Music by He Zhang Hao

Intermission 15 minutes

"The Tiny Shan Pui River"

Joshua Chan

Orchestra

Conductor: Gordon Siu

"Butterfly Lovers"

Music by Chen Kan He Zhang Hao Arranged by He Zhan Hao

Erhu Concerto Erhu: Shao Lin

Conductor: Gordon Siu

"Dance of The Dun Huang Mural Fairies"

Xu Jingxin Chen Dawei

Orchestra

Conductor: Gordon Siu

Good night

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指揮:徐英輝

彭修文 蔡惠泉 編曲

女高音獨唱「水調歌頭」

女高音:吳玉芯 小樂隊伴奏

蘇軾 詞 劉振華 曲 陳國輝 配器

女高音與合唱團

「春曉」

「別亦難」

女高音:吳玉芯

知音合唱團 樂苗歌詠大使團

指揮:徐英輝

孟浩然 詞 何占豪 曲 李商隱 詞 何占豪 曲

高齡教工合唱團

指揮:東初

樂隊與合唱團 「黃河大合唱」 光未然 詞 冼星海 曲 東初 編曲

休息15分鐘

大合奏「小小山貝河」

指揮:蕭炯柱

陳錦標 曲

二胡協奏曲「梁山伯與祝英台」 陳鋼 何占豪 曲 何占豪 編曲

二胡獨奏:邵琳

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大合奏「飛天」

指揮:蕭炯柱

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晚安

曲 目 Music Items

豐收鑼鼓

彭修文 蔡惠泉編曲

這是一首採用浙東「十面鑼」的形式,吸收了「十番鑼鼓」、「潮州鑼鼓」樂的特點,以鑼鼓為主的吹打樂曲。

全曲共分三大部份:

引子秤排鼓由慢到快的滾奏,先聲奪人,繼而吹管的全奏,發出勝利的呼聲。

第一部份: 熱列的快板, 節奏跳躍的主題, 寫出勞動競賽的場面。

第二部份: 弦樂,笛子舒暢的旋律,抒發出內心對生活的嚮往。彈撥、敲擊的節奏,描繪 農民載歌載舞、愉快的心情。

第三部份: 明朗的竹笛聲, 吹出民族風格的音調, 展示萬里江山的明媚景色。緊接潮州樂器奏出戰鬥性的音調。

尾聲: 火熱的急板,展示農民再接再勵,準備再奪更大的豐收!

Golden Harvest

Arranged by Peng Siu Wen and Cai Hui Quan

This is an ensemble of traditional instruments with gongs and drums playing the main part. It is formatted on the "ten gongs" of eastern Zhejiang Province but incorporates characteristics of other percussion music in other parts of China.

The song starts with an accelerando drum roll, followed by a full blow of the wind instruments as a cheer of victory.

1st Part: Vivace; a bouncing rhythmic theme portrays a scene of a race.

2nd Part: A smooth lyric led by dizi and string instruments pours out the heartfelt yearning for the living. The rhythm of the plucking and percussion instruments pictures the festively singing and dancing and joyfulness of the peasants.

3rd Part: A bright and cheerful melody distinctively of national style emanated from the bamboo flute reveals the beautiful scenery of the country. It is immediately followed with a tune of fighting spirit from Chiuchow instruments.

Finale: Presto; depicting the peasants continue to exert themselves and prepare for a golden harvest.

水調歌頭

蘇軾詞 劉振華曲 陳國輝配器

蘇軾與王安石政見不合,調任山東密州太守,一去兩年。自序云丙辰(宋神宗熙寧九年(1076))中秋節,飲酒至天明,作此詞,並懷念其弟蘇轍。這詞由景入情,感情與理性融合一起,幻想與現實相互交替,感染力極深。末後「千里共嬋娟」兩句最為人傳誦。

《水調歌頭》

明月幾時有? 把酒問青天。 不知天上宮闕,今夕是何年。 我欲乘風歸去, 又恐瓊樓玉宇,高處不勝寒。 起舞弄清影,何似在人間。 轉朱閣,低綺戶, 照無眠。 不應有恨,何事長向別時圓。 人有悲歡離合,月有陰晴圓缺, 此事古難全。 但願人長久,千里共嬋娟。

Shui diao ge tou

Words by Susi Music by Lau Chun Wah Arranged by Chan Kwok Fai

Mid-Autumn Festival is a day of reunion and joy. Su Shi was alone and away from the imperial court when he wrote this poem. It vividly expressed his melancholy emotions and his love for his country and his younger brother.

春曉

孟浩然詞 何占豪曲

作者以唐代詩人孟浩然的詩為題材,用歌聲唱出春天清晨大自然的意境。

《春曉》

春眠不覺曉 處處聞啼鳥 夜來風雨聲 花落知多少…… 夜來風雨聲 花落知多少

Dawn in Spring

Words by Meng Hou Ran Music by He Zhang Hao

This is a poem written by Meng Hou-ran in Tang Dynasty. The chorus was composed to sing out the natural ambience at dawn in spring.

別亦難

李商隱詞 何占豪曲

唐代詩人李商隱曾寫有愛情詩[無題]多篇,一九八九年何占豪選取其中一首譜寫成歌曲.幷取該詩首句"相見時難別亦難"作爲此曲[別亦難]的命題. 此曲為本會30周年音樂會委約何占豪改編的版本

《別亦難》

相見時難別亦難 春風無力百花殘 春蠶到死絲方盡 蠟炬成灰淚始乾

啊……相見難 啊……别亦難 蠟炬成灰淚始乾

相見時難別亦難 春風無力百花殘 春蠶到死絲方盡 蠟炬成灰淚始乾

啊……相見難 啊……别亦難 蠟炬成灰淚始乾

Farewell Grief

Words by Li Shang Yin Music by He Zhang Hao

Li Shang-yin, a poet of the Tang Dynasty, wrote several untitled love poems. In 1898, He Zhang-hao selected one of them and supplied the melody for it, giving it the title Farewell Grief taken from the first verse.

The current edition was re-arranged by He Zhang-hao on our request in our 30th Anniversary Concert.

黄河大合唱簡介

《黃河大合唱》是我國人民音樂家冼星海的著名作品,作於抗日戰爭初期的1939年。 它以黃河為象徵,表現了中華民族反抗侵略、堅強不屈和必定勝利的英雄氣概,歌頌了中國 人民在偉大領袖毛主席和中國共產黨領導下所進行的偉大的抗日民族解放戰爭。

全曲包括七首歌曲,曲間有朗誦聯結。

合唱《黃河船夫曲》,描寫黃河船夫和驚濤駭浪搏鬥的情景,反映了中華民族不屈 不撓的鬥爭精神。

男聲獨唱《黃河頌》,是一首對黃河的贊歌。黃河以它英雄的氣魄,出現在亞洲的原野;它波濤澎湃,表現出我們民族的精神:偉大而堅強!

合唱《黃水謠》,描寫在帝國主義鐵蹄蹂躪下,黃河東岸人民的痛苦。敵人一天不 消滅,我們便一天不能安身!

男聲對唱《河邊對口曲》,是兩個流亡者在黃河邊上互訴自己的不幸遭遇。對敵人的仇恨,如同奔騰的河水。最後,他們決定一同拿起武器,投入反侵略的戰鬥。

女聲獨唱《黃河怨》,是一位婦女的悲慘控訴。敵人奪去了孩子的生命,她面對著 呼嘯的狂風和嗚咽的流水,懷著無比的仇恨,傾訴著敵人的殘暴罪行。

輪唱《保衛黃河》,反映抗日的游擊戰爭正在如火如荼地展開,全中國人民抱定必勝的決心,保衛全中國。

合唱《怒吼吧,黄河!》以氣吞山河的氣勢,號召人民奮起,為打敗侵略者而團結 戰鬥!

Yellow River Cantata Words by Kuang Wei-jan Music by Hsien Hsing hai Arranged by Tung Chor

The Yellow River Cantata is a famous work of Hsien Hsing-hai, a people's musician of China. It was written in 1939 during the initial period of China's War of Resistance Against Japan. With the Yellow River as the symbol, the Cantata describes the indomitable spirit of Chinese nation and their confidence in certain victory against the aggressors. It is a eulogy to the great War of National Liberation. Against Japan waged by the Chinese people under the leadership of great chairman Mao and the Chinese Communist Party.

There are seven parts to the Cantata with recitations between them.

The Chorus "The Yellow River Boatmen's Song" gives a picture of how the boatmen fight their way towards the opposite bank, battling against rapids and shoals – symbolic of the indomitable fighting spirit of the Chinese nation.

The Male Solo "Ode to the Yellow River" signs the praises of this mighty river which appears on the vast Asian Continent with its breathtaking grandeur rising in tempestuous waves, it is symbol of spirit of the Chinese nation – great and strong.

The Chorus "Yellow River Ditty" tells about the sufferings of the people along the east bank of the Yellow River under the ravage of the imperialists. There can be no peace if the enemy is not eliminated.

The Male Duet "Dialogue on the Bank of the Yellow River" presents two peasants who have fled from their home villages meeting on the bank of the Yellow River and telling each other of their bitter experiences. Their hatred for the enemy is like the surging tide of the river. Finally they decide to take up arms and join the fight against aggression.

The Female Solo "Yellow River Plaint" is a woman's bitter indictment against the invaders who have killed her child. With deep hatred for the enemy, she pours out her grievances to the howling wind and the raging torrents of the Yellow River.

The Round "Defend the Yellow River" creates a vivid picture of the guerrilla war against Japan developing vigorously across the land. Full of confidence in victory, the Chinese people defend the Yellow River and the whole country.

The Chorus "Roar, Yellow River" with breath-taking force, calls on the people to rise and fight in unity to defeat the aggressors.

、 黄河船夫曲

朗誦: 朋友!你到過黃河嗎?你渡 過黃河嗎? 的船夫拼著等 令和驚濤駭浪掉戰的情景嗎? 如果你已經忘掉的話,那麼 你聽吧!

五、黃河怨

咳喲!

風雲黃今愁命生鬼寶我帽狂烏黃你今洗丈啊啊河晚和啊活子貝和讓風雲河不晚清夫你你,我!這,,,無無,,水嗚要的,你你,我!這,,,無無,,水嗚要的,非難樣得無生要要不你,我達這死以偷不不,!在重天不你在一樣這你你仇顏你你啊咽投千在不不你在一樣這你你仇顏你你啊咽投千在不不你在一樣這你你仇顏你你啊咽投千在不不你在一樣這你你仇顏你你啊咽投千在不不你在一樣這你你仇顏你你啊咽投千在不不你在一樣這不不,!在重天中也不完了。

二、黄河頌

朗誦: 啊,朋友! 黄河以它英雄的氣魄,出現 在亞洲的原野; 它表現出我們民族的精神完 管大而又堅強!這裏 質訊,唱著我們的贊歌。

划喲,

三、黃水謠

朗誦: 我們是黃河的兒女!我們艱苦 奮鬥,一天天的接近勝利。但 是,敵人一天不消滅,我們一 天便不能安身;不信,你聽聽 河東民眾痛苦的呻吟。

咳!

四、河邊對口曲

朗誦: 妻離子散,天各一方! 但是,我們難道永遠逃亡? 你聽聽吧, 這是黃河邊上兩個老鄉的對唱。

(甲) 張老三,我問你,你的家鄉在哪裏?

(乙) 我的家,在山西,過河還有三百里。

(甲) 我問你,在家裏,種田還是做生意?

(乙)拿鋤頭,耕田地,種的高粱和小米。

(甲) 為什麼,到此地,河邊流浪受孤淒?

(乙) 痛心事,莫提起,家破人亡無消息。

(甲) 張老三,莫傷悲,我的命運不如你!

(乙) 為什麼,王老七,你的家鄉在何地?

(甲)在東北,做生意,家鄉八年無消息。

(乙)這麼說,我和你,都是有家不能回!

(合) 仇和恨,在心裏,奔騰如同黃河水!

黄河邊,定主意,咱們一同打回去! 為國家,當兵去,太行山上打游擊! 從今後,我和你一同打回老家去!

六、保衛黃河

朗誦: 但是,中華民族的兒女呀, 健願像豬羊一般任人宰割? 我們要抱定必勝的決心,保 衛黃河!保衛華北!保衛全 中國!

七、怒吼吧, 黄河!

明祖· 聽啊!珠江在怒吼!揚子江在怒吼! 聽啊,黃河!掀起你的怒濤,發出你的狂叫 ,向著全中國被壓迫的人民,發出你戰鬥 的警號吧!

小小山貝河 **陳錦標曲**

「香港雖有美妙的海港及沙灘,但沒有像泰晤士河或萊茵河的大河流穿插在市區中間。年幼時父親帶我沿窩打老道步行往廣播道看電視明星,那是我第一次看到長長的大水坑(當時的窩打老道中線不是行車線)。我相信荃灣大河道的前身也並不是行車路及天橋。第一次接觸元朗的山貝河是年幼時一次乘坐青山至元朗公共小巴的旅程,沒想到多年後那裡是一間馳名水果甜品店的所在地,更沒想到2003年小鱷魚貝貝在山貝河下游的出現及市民的關注成了國際新聞。我很喜歡水,希望藉著《小小山貝河》表達對流水及大自然的嚮往。這首六分鐘的作品既是短小山貝河的縮影及其附近環境的寫照,也有往日小鱷魚貝貝聰明靈巧的身影。」

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Butterfly Lovers

Music by Chen Kan He Zhang Hao Arranged by He Zhan Hao

The concerto is based on a Chinese legend. In the 4th century an intelligent and brave young country girl Zhu Yin-tai from Zhejiang dressed herself as a man to go out for education against the feudalistic tradition. She studied with Liang Shan-bo, a pure and kind-hearted young man. During the three years, the two formed a great friendship.

Upon parting with each other, Miss Zhu Yin-tai tried to express her deep love for the Liang Shan-bo by various metaphors, but the latter failed to understand what she meant. After one year Liang learned that Zhu was a girl and hurried to her home to meet her. Unfortunately, Zhu had already been promised a marriage to a wealthy man by her father. Liang and Zhu saw each other in deep regret and pledged that they would never part again for ever, Before long, Liang died in distress, while Zhu, after venting out her indignation with feudalistic doctrines, jumped into the tomb of Liang and died. The lovers became two beautiful butterflies and live together forever.

The music is originally a violin concerto composed in 1959. It was arranged into the erhu concerto in 1993 in form of a sonata.

飛天

徐景新 陳大偉曲

樂曲以敦煌壁畫中著名的「飛天」形象為題材創作而成。悠揚的笛音,把人們帶入虛無縹緲的仙境,只見眾仙凌空飛舞,舞姿優美輕柔。隨著樂曲的展開,笙管齊鳴、絲弦高奏,猶如眾神歡歌狂舞。

樂曲結尾的音樂漸趨安靜,彷彿縱情歌舞的眾神和仙女又回到平靜如初的畫面之中。 本曲風格和曲調特殊,曾獲中國第三屆音樂作品(民族器樂)評選二等獎。

Dance of The Dun Huang Mural Fairies

Xu Jingxin Chen Dawei

This composition is based on the story depicting the famous wall-painting at the historical city of Dun Huang. The music starts softly, mysteriously, building up to one plateau after another, and then rising to a final climax, whereby all the gods and fairies seem to float out of the wall-painting, dancing gracefully, majestically, before finally setting back down to their original positions in the painting. The composition uses the full range of instruments in the Chinese orchestra and is a popular choice of conductors.

香港高齡教工合唱團

	Hong Kong	Senior Educ	ation Workers Choir
女高音 (Sop	rano)	男高音 (T	enor)
廖李吳趙袁劉李羅胡林楊黎崔李姓桂智小婉群巫錦幗品潔玉瑞遠素裝芳源麗芬英慧蘭英懿靈兒堯波馨問	LIU KWAI FONG LEE CHE YUNE NG SIU LAI CHIU YUEN FAN YUEN KWAN YING LAU MO WAI LEE KAM LAN LAW KWOK YING HO PUN I LAM KIT LING YEUN YUK YEE LAI SHUI YIU TSUI YUEN BO LI SO HING	林植楊洪李徐馬翁曾何李張陳宋景柏顯進炳振英益憲華國國 立桑桑達美倫興斌彰森新權良廣偉	LAM KING SUN TSIK PAK SUN YEUNG HIN TAT HUNG CHUN MAY LEE BING LUN TSUI CHUN HING MA YING BUN YUNG YICK CHEUNG TSANG HIN SUM HO WAH SUN LI KWOK KUEN CHEUNG KWOK LEUNG CHAN KWONG SUNG LUP WAI
施若男 陳麗妍	SEE YORK NAM CHAN LAI YIN	男低音 (B	200)
許韓林顧張楊黃屬萊珍華梅端貞	HUI KWOK MEE HON XUET PING LAM CHUN KOO KAM WAH CHEUNG YEE MUI YEUNG BIK TUEN WONG PUI CHING	陳羅鍾石崔梁張	CHAN SHIU FAN LAW KEN LAM CHUNG PAK SANG SHIH TSI MIN TSUI KWOK TAI LEUNG KON KEE CHEUNG YAT WAH
女低音	(Alto)	吳柏富	NG PAK FOO
郭翁陳慈善 至 而 談 善 至 而 。	KWOK FUNG WAH YUNG YUEN KWAN CHAN SUI LIN TAM WAI LUEN TSANG HIN YEE WONG MAN YIN YUEN YOUNG	Music Dire 團長:陳麗 Chorus Ma 副團長:翁 Vice Choru 聲樂指導:	ster: Chan Lai Yin 為益彰 龍寶雲 is Master: Yung Yick Cheung Loong Paul W 顧錦華 吳玉芯
周燕錦 黃健安 呂啟賢	CHOW YIN KAM WONG KIN ON LUI KAI YIN	鋼琴伴奏: Piano acco	ructor: Koo Kam Wah Sandra Ng 趙碧霞 袁惠珍 mpaniment: Chiu Bik Ha Yuen Wai Chun
陳宜筠 羅秀雲 葉雅雯	CHAN YEE KWAN LAW SAU WAN YIP AH MAN	Leading S 獨唱(黃河/	曲):何華新 inger: Ho Wah Sun 頌):馬英斌
湛慧玲 李玉梅 韋少冰	CHAM WAI LING LEE YUK MUI WAI SHIU BING	(黃河怨):	: Ma Ying Bun 顧錦華 blo: Koo Kam Wah

(對口曲): 翁益彰 楊顯達

Antiphonal Singer: Yung Yick Cheung Yeung Hin Tat

夏慧中

譚德貞

陳適慧

鄭麗雲

HA WAI CHUNG

TAM TAK CHING

CHENG LAI WAN

CHAN SIK WAI

知音合唱團團員

Sintonia Choir

林慧玲	Lam Wai-Ling
鄧昌賢	Joe Tang
林昭環	Florence Lam
楊美蓮	Yeung Mee-Lin
溫美蓮	May Wan
嚴蘊明	Ellen Yim
王昌年	Wong Cheong-Nin
梁玲新	Leung Ling-Sun
裘雪珍	Rita Kau
林昭寰	Lam Chiu-Wan
張迺豪	Cheung Nai-Ho
黃慕玲	Frances Wong

危龍陳黎劉何鄧鄧黃吳白黃曉獎穗寶敏寶潔寶玉少明艷彤洪蓮琴兒兒文蓮貞慧雪妮	Ruby Ngai Lorraine Loong Chan Sui-Lin Teresa Lai Mary Lau Anita Ho Alice Tang Pauline Tang Helen Wong Sheeta Ng Michelle Pak Wong Yim Ni
黄艷妮	Wong Yim Ni
丘芳濠	Mary Chiu

樂苗歌詠大使團團員

Hong Kong Cadenza Children's Choir

鄭思勤	Cheng Sze Kan
黎進昇	Lai Chun Sing
黄裕發	Wong Yu Faat
吳偉聰	Ng Wai Chung
吳恩如	Ng Yan Yu
陳竣祺	Chan Chun Ki
鄧栢麟	Tang Pak Lun
潘詠雪	Poon Wing Suet
羅穎筠	Alison Law
莫芷君	Mok Tze Kwan
吳芷昕	Ng Tze Yan
范峻熙	Fan Chun Hei
梁懷谷	Leung Wei Kuk
凌皓冕	Ling Ho Min
鄭皓中	Justin cheng
李燕珊	Eunice Li
劉倩雯	Lau Sin Man
沈依青	Doris Shum
冼栩晴	Rachel Sin
梁安彤	Leung On Tung
秦天澄	Chun Tin Ching
葉巧嵐	Yip Hau Nam
魏正禧	Ngai Ching Hei
林卓琪	Lam Cheuk Ki
杜善恩	To Sin Yan
鍾美婷	Chung Mei Ting

陳潔心	Chan Kit Sum
謝來弟	Tse Loi Tai
林潔怡	Lam Kit Yi
嚴潔佩	Yim Kit Pui
伍秀芳	Ng Sau Fong
張凱欣	Cheung Hoi Yan
楊雪怡	Yeung Suet Yi
尤楹楹	Yau Ying Ying
陳青青	Chan Ching Ching
梁婉兒	Leung Yuen Yi
黄影華	Wong Ieng Wa
詹淯芳	Jim Yuk Fong
蕭詠蓉	Siu Wing Yung
關寶俐	Kwan Po Lee
陳芷慧	Chan Tsz Wai
姚若虹	Yiu Yeuk Hung
梁靜欣	Leung Ching Yan
蕭淑湞	Siu Shuk Ching
楊燕芳	Yeung Yin Fong
歐婉瑜	Au Yuen Yu
張映婷	Cheung Ying Ting
潘靖宜	Poon Ching Yi
葉曉晴	Yip Hiu Ching
林卓琪	Lam Cheuk Ki
杜善恩	To Sin Yan
鍾美婷	Chung Mei Ting

高雷中學中樂團

Ko Lui Secondary School Chinese Orchetra

笛子	
劉歐傳李孫黃邱大國 一次	LAU WAI LUNG AU PO KI FU KA MAN LEE TAK MING SUN YUK WAH WONG MAN KWAN YAU SZE WA CHU KWOK LUNG
笙	
陳科羽 麥巧愉	CHEN KEYU MAK HAU YU
揚琴	
關翎宇	KWAN LING YU
關淑芳	KWAN SHUK FONG
筝	
戴芷程	TAI TSZ CHING
琵琶	
馮學蓉	FUNG HOK YUNG
杜凌瑜	TO LING YU
*方珮珠	FONG PUI CHU
簡寶琼	KAN PO KING
陳曉婷	CHAN HIU TING
小阮	
陳美琼	CHAN MEI KING
中阮	
楊顯胜	YANG XIANSHENG
張彤彤	CHEUNG TUNG TUNG
張潔盈	CHEUNG KIT YING
大阮	
區可兒	AU HO YI

高胡	
*彭婉玲	PANG YUEN LING
→ +¤	
二胡	
黄嘉晉	WONG KA CHUN
杜可兒	TO HO YI
*葉翠清	YIP CHUI CHING
蔡志偉	CHOI CHI WAI
大提琴	
朱曉瑜	CHU HIU YU
低音大提琴	
梁俊浩	LEUNG CHUN HO
陳志聰	CHAN CHI CHUNG
敲擊	
李俊洪	LEE CHUN HUNG
倫錫輝	LUN SIK FAI
梁詠宜	LEUNG WING YI
張嘉悅	CHEUNG KA YUET
The second of th	

*本會團員 Member of our society

香港青年音樂協會常務委員會

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宣傳兼後台監督: 鄭偉卿 Promotion Manager: Cheng Wai Hing

回顧里程剪影





1975年大埔區暑期康樂音樂營·指揮蕭炯柱先生與樂隊練習





1975年大埔區暑期康樂營是晚音樂會蕭炯柱先生及陳煥玲小姐擔任客席指揮



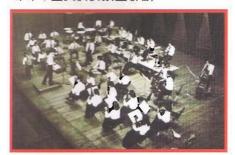


1979 年樂團探訪石鼓洲戒毒所·關永強先生擔任指揮演出





1979年團員於安素堂聯歡



1980年協奏音樂會・草原小姊妹



青協當年參與第二屆中樂匯演



1983年指揮陳能濟先生與黃健偉、青協演出於香港大會堂



1982年團員於南丫島生活營



1980年易有伍先生指揮·江南春



1983年徐錦棠先生指揮·新婚別







交流圖片 (一)



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星加坡歐南中學訪港交流後遊濕地公園



星加坡歐南中學來港, 在高雷中學交流演出



星加坡歐南中學訪港交流後BBQ之夜



中國湛江小學到培僑中學交流演出

交流圖片 (二)





與星加坡華僑中學交換禮品



練習 (星加坡)



星加坡演出1



星加坡演出2



星加坡演出3

交流圖片 (三)



星加坡參觀合照





徐英輝指揮



為成功演出歡聚1



為成功演出歡聚2



蕭太演奏鍵琴

交流圖片 (四)





香港青協表演



星加坡歐南中學學生



香港青協表演1



星加坡華僑中學演出1



星加坡華僑中學演出2



星加坡華僑中學學生



香港青協演出2

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研發者 邁克·博思 (MICHAEL W.BOTTS)

1976年,美國俄勒岡州立大學專家邁克·博思先生(Michael.W. Botts)經過10年的研究,成功發展出現代的「有機礦化液技術」(Organic Mineral Solutions Technology)。至90年代,博思先生在「有機礦化液技術」的基礎上,成功研發出對調整人體新陳代謝功能具有顯著效果的「細胞活化液」。

其後美國檀香山大學管敬中博士參加博思先生的研究工作,並於2004年邀請香港中文大學醫學院的糖尿病專家,將「細胞活化液」應用於動物細胞組織上作進一步的研究。同年七月中,初步的研究結果令人振奮。

研究結果顯示:

- 1. 「細胞活化液」似乎可以延緩細胞的衰老過程。
- 2. 「細胞活化液」對細胞蛋白組織功能的影響,可能與胰島素相似。

專家們認為「細胞活化液」具有重大的潛力,應該繼續研究開發, 最終達至臨床應用。

2005年,「艾美生物科技公司」(OMSSI Biotech Ltd.)於香港成立。經過三年的努力,邁克先生及管敬中博士最後成功研究出一個完美的配方,對調整人體新陳代謝功能具有顯著的功效,命名為"OMSSI-Plus",中文名字叫「艾美細胞精華素」,該新配方特別適合糖尿病、高血壓、高血脂及高尿酸的人仕。

2006年,管敬中博士將「艾美細胞精華素」帶至越南,與河內市「中央內分泌醫院」(Central Hospital of Endocrinology)合作,應用於該醫院的糖尿病人身上,功效顯著。

於越南實驗研究期間,管敬中博士成功將「艾美活化液」結合優質破壁靈芝孢子,廣泛應用於多種末期癌症病人身上,進行長達兩年的實驗研究,結果顯示對於延長病人生命及減輕痛楚方面,效果顯著。

2008年,公司因應市場需求,一共研發推出8種健康產品,分別為:

- 1. 艾美生命[®] 特別配方(OMSSI-LIFE[®] Pack)
- 2. 艾美細胞精華素(OMSSI-PLUS®)
- 3. 艾美女仕配方(OMSSI-FORMULA® for Women)
- 4. 艾美男仕配方(OMSSI-FORMULA® for Men)
- 5. 艾美酣睡配方(OMSSI-FORMULA® for Better Sleep)
- 6. 艾美健胃配方(OMSSI-FORMULA® for Digestion)
- 7. 艾美皮膚護理配方(OMSSI-FORMULA® for Better Skin)
- 8. 艾美美肌噴霧(OMSSI-FORMULA® Rejuvenating Spring)



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艾美生命[®] 特別配方專為需要提升身体免疫能力以預防或對抗各種疾病包括癌症的人仕。

OMSSI-LIFE[®] Pack is a proprietary formula for use by people requiring immune modulation to prevent or combat diseases including cancers.



艾美細胞精華素 OMSSI-PLUS®

艾美細胞精華素的特別配方適合糖尿病,高血壓,高 膽固醇,高尿酸,關節炎及新陳代謝失調的人仕。此 配方亦有助改善排尿。

OMSSI-PLUS[®] is a proprietary formula for use by people with diabetes, high blood pressure, high cholesterol, high uric acid, arthritis and other complications due to metabolic disorder. It also helps to improve urination.



艾美男仕配方 OMSSI-FORMULA® for Men

艾美男仕配方特別適合因糖尿病,高血壓或 新陳代謝疾病引致陽萎或其他生理問題的男仕。 本產品亦適用於生活繁忙,工作壓力沉重的男仕 以及運動員,長者,及希望增加精力、 活力的男仕。

OMSSI-FORMULA® for Men is a proprietary formula for use by men with diabetes, high blood pressure or other complications caused by metabolic disorder resulting in impotence or other sexual problems. It is also suitable for men with busy hectic life styles and stressful workload, athletes, elderly, and those desirous of increased stamina and vitality.



艾美女仕配方 OMSSI-FORMULA® for Women

艾美女仕配方能舒緩月經期間的不適或痛楚, 特別適合經期不準,經痛、或經血過多或不停的女仕。 本產品亦有效舒緩因月經引致的腹痛, 頭痛,沮喪及乳房漲痛。

OMSSI-FORMULA® for Women helps to relieve discomfort or pain during menstruation. It helps to regulate menstrual cycle, to alleviate menstrual pain (dysmenorrhea), abdominal pain, headaches, depression and breast discomfort. It also helps to prevent sudden heavy flows and prolonged bleeding (hypermenorrhea and menorrhagia).



艾美皮膚護理配方

OMSSI-FORMULA® for Better Skin

艾美皮膚護理配方適用於各種皮膚病,如濕疹,牛皮癬,暗瘡,粉刺,黑斑,色素痣,足癬(香港腳),甲癬(灰甲),皮膚過敏,蚊虫咬傷,表皮損傷等。

OMSSI-FORMULA® for Better Skin is good for skin diseases such as eczema, psoriasis, pimples (acne), moles, athelete's foot, onychomycosis, skin allergies, insect bites and cuts.



艾美美肌噴霧

OMSSI-FORMULA® Rejuvenating Spring

艾美美肌噴霧能舒緩皮膚,減少過量油脂分泌, 暢通毛孔,治理及預防暗瘡,粉刺及黑頭,消除枯萎的 表皮細胞,減少縐紋,去除黑斑,重現嬌嫩皮膚。 化妝前使用,可令皮膚更易上粉,無須担心油脂分泌 破壞面部化妝。

OMSSI-FORMULA $^{\circledR}$ Rejuvenating Spring helps to relieve the skin, suppresses excessive sebum and cleans up clogged pores which usually cause blackheads, blemishes and pimples. It removes dead skin cells, reduces fine lines and refines pores resulting in finer epidermis. It also enhances the application and lasting of facial cosmetics.



艾美健胃配方

OMSSI-FORMULA® for Better Digestion

艾美健胃配方能幫助舒緩因胃炎,胃氣脹,胃灼熱, 胃酸過多,消化不良等所引起的胃痛。長期服用可達至 健胃之目的。

OMSSI-FORMULA[®] for Better Digestion helps to relieve gastric pains caused by gastritis, flatulence, heartburn, hyperacidity, and dyspeptic disorders. Continued usage of OMSSI-Formula for Better Digestion may promote gastric health.



艾美酣睡配方

OMSSI-FORMULA® for Better Sleep

艾美酣睡配方適用於因疾病、生活緊張、 工作壓力大而引致無法酣睡甚至失眠的人仕。

OMSSI-FORMULA[®] for Better Sleep is a proprietary formula for use by people who have insomia, or are unable to have restful sleep due to stress from busy or hectic life styles, heavy workload or diseases.



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艾美美肌噴霧 OMSSI-FORMULA[®] Rejuvenating Spring





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員 陳啟遠 敬賀

東

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區議

熱烈祝賀

香港青年音樂協會35周年紀念音樂會

演出成功

WITH THE COMPLIMENTS

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(排名以筆劃序)

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